VALUSTAR

Operating, Maintenance & Parts Manual

VALUSTAR[®]

Rated Loads 1/4 through 2-Tons 250 through 2000 kg.

Follow all instructions and warnings for inspecting, maintaining and operating this hoist.

The use of any hoist presents some risk of personal injury or property damage. That risk is greatly increased if proper instructions and warnings are not followed. Before using this hoist, each operator should become thoroughly familiar with all warnings, instructions, and recommendations in this manual. Retain this manual for future reference and use.

Forward this manual to the hoist operator. Failure to operate the equipment as directed in the manual may cause injury.

Before using the hoist, fill in the information below. Refer to the hoist identification plate.

Model Number	
Serial Number_	
Voltage	
Rated Load	



24761 624-U

CM HOIST PARTS AND SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE IN THE UNITED STATES AND IN CANADA

As a CM Hoist user, you are assured of reliable repair and parts services through a network of Master Parts Depots and Service Centers that are strategically located in the United States and Canada. These facilities have been selected on the basis of their demonstrated ability to handle all parts and repair requirements promptly and efficiently.

Below is a list of the Master Parts Depots in the United States and Canada. To quickly obtain the name of the U.S. Service Center located nearest you, call (800) 888-0985. Fax: (716) 689-5644. In the following list, the Canadian Service Centers are indicated.

UNITED STATES MASTER PARTS DEPOT

CALIFORNIA

OTTO SYSTEMS, INC. 12010 Bloomfield Ave. Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670 562/462-1612 or 800/596-7392 Fax 562/462-1617 7656 Las Positas Road Livermore, CA 94551 925/245-8800 or 800/508-6886 Fax 925/245-8804

COLORADO

MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT CO. 1740 W. 13th Ave. Denver, CO 80204 303/573-5333 Fax 303/893-3854

GEORGIA

ACE INDUSTRIES, INC. 6295 McDonough Drive Norcross, GA 30093 770/441-0898 or 800-733-2231 Fax 800/628-3648

ILLINOIS JOHN SAKASH COMPANY INC. 700 Walnut Street Elmhurst, IL 60126 630/833-3940 Fax 630/833-9830

HORNER ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC. 1521 East Washington Street Indianapolis, IN 46201 317/639-4261 Fax 317/639-4342

IOWA

VM HOIST & CRANE SERVICES PO Box 440 450 Highway 151 Walford, IA 52351 319/846-6040 Fax 319/846-6045

KANSAS

INDEPENDENT ELECTRIC MACHINERY 4425 Oliver Street Kansas City, KS 66106 913/362-1155 or 800/833-2610 Fax 913/904-3330

LOUISIANA BEERMAN PRECISION, INC. PO Box 6018 Metairie, LA 70009 504/207-6000 Fax 504/207-6044

MASSACHUSETTS

ABEL DISTRIBUTORS, INC. 50 Parker Street, Unit 2 Newburyport, MA 01950 978/463-0700 Fax 978/463-5200

NEW JERSY

SHUPPER-BRICKLE EQUIPMENT CO. PO Box 803 2394 Route 130, Suite C Dayton, NJ 08810 732/438-3888 Fax 732/438-3889

NEW YORK

VOLLAND ELECTRIC EQUIPMENT CO. 75 Innsbruck Drive Buffalo, NY 14227 716/656-9900 Fax 716/656-8899

NORTH CAROLINA

TEAM SESCO PO Box 667489 2225 Freedom Drive Charlotte, NC 28208 704/372-4832 or 800/487-3726 Fax 704/358-1098

MAZZELLA LIFTING TECHNOLOGIES 21000 Aerospace Parkway Cleveland, OH 44142-1072 440/239-7000 or 800/362-4601 Fax 440/239-7010

PENNSYLVANIA

AMICK ASSOCIATES, INC. 11 Sycamore Street PO Box 529 Carnegie, PA 15106-0529 412/429-1212 or 800/445-9456 Fax 412/429-0191

RAM MOTORS & CONTROLS, INC. 5460-B Pottsville Pike, Docks 8-11 PO Box 748 Leesport, PA 19533 610/916-8000 Fax 610/916-7957

SOUTH CAROLINA

ENGINEERED SYSTEMS INC. 1121 Ducan-Reidville Road Duncan, SC 29334 864/879-7438 or 800/879-7438 Fax 864/879-6428

TEXAS

ABEL EQUIPMENT CO., INC. 3710 Cavalier Drive Garland, TX 75042 972/272-7706 Fax 972/272-6955

HYDRAULIC EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC. 1021 North San Jacinto Street Houston, TX 77002 713/228-9601 Fax 713/228-0931

WISCONSIN

TRESTER HOIST & EQUIPMENT, INC. W136 N4863 Campbell Drive Suite #4 Menomonee Falls, WI 53051 262/790-0700 or 800/234-6098 Fax 262/790-1009

CANADIAN SERVICE CENTERS

ALBERTA
BENNETT & EMMOTT, LTD.
18131 118TH Avenue
Edmonton, Alberta T5S 1MB
403/454-9000
Fax 403/454-8990

**COLUMBUS McKINNON, LTD. 10311-174th Street Edmonton, Alberta T5S 1H1 800/263-1997 Fax 403/486-6160

BRITISH COLUMBIA

FLECK BROTHERS, LTD. 4084 McConnel Court Burnaby, British Columbia V5A 3N7 604/420-3535 Fax 604/421-8803

MANITOBA KING'S ELECTRIC MOTORS, INC. 633 Tyne Avenue Winnipeg, Manitoba R2L 1J5 204/663-5332 Fax 204/663-4059

NOVA SCOTIA *W & A MOIR 95 Ilsley Ave. Dartmouth, Nova Scotia B3B 1L5 902/468-7720 Fax 902/468-3777

ONTARIO

*R & W HOIST REPAIR, LTD.
790 Redwood Square
Units 5, 6, & 7
Oakville, Ontario L6L 6N3
905/825-5500
Fax 905/825-5315

*TORONTO ELECTRIC HOIST SALES & SERVICE 9 Codeco Court North York, Ontario M3A 1A1 416/386-0820 Fax 416/386-0821

*MASLACK SUPPLY, LTD. 488 Falconbridge Road Sudbury, Ontario P3A 4S4 705/566-1270 Fax 705/566-4208

*COLUMBUS MCKINNON, LTD. P.O. Box 1106 10 Brook Road, North Cobourg, Ontario K9A 4W5 905/372-0153 Fax 905/372-3078

QUEBEC

*HERCULES SLING & CABLE
3800 Transcanada Highway
Pointe-Claire, Quebec H9R 1B1
514/428-5511
Fax 514/428-5555

*LEGER PALANS ET OUTILLAGES,INC. 7995-17th Ave. Montreal, Quebec H1Z 3R2 514/376-3050 514/376-3050 Fax 514/376-0657

- * ARE ALSO MASTER PARTS DEPOTS
- ** MASTER PARTS DEPOT ONLY

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Each Valustar Electric Hoist is built in accordance with the specifications contained herein and at the time of manufacture complied with our interpretation of applicable sections of the *American Society of Mechanical Engineers Code B30.16 "Overhead Hoists," the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70) and the Occupational Safety and Health Act. Since OSHA states the National Electrical Code applies to all electric hoists, installers are required to provide current overload protection and grounding [on the branch circuit section] in keeping with the code. Check each installation for compliance with the application, operation and maintenance sections of these articles.

The safety laws for elevators, lifting of people and for dumbwaiters specify construction details that are not incorporated into the hoists. For such applications, refer to the requirements of applicable state and local codes, and the American National Safety Code for elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators and moving walks (ASME A17.1). Columbus McKinnon Corporation cannot be responsible for applications other than those for which CM equipment is intended.

*Copies of this standard can be obtained from ASME Order Department, 22 Law Drive, Box 2300, Fairfield, NJ 07007-2300, U.S.A.



THIS SYMBOL POINTS OUT IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS WHICH IF NOT FOLLOWED COULD ENDANGER THE PERSONAL SAFETY AND/OR PROPERTY OF YOURSELF AND OTHERS. READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS MANUAL AND ANY PROVIDED WITH THE EQUIPMENT BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO OPERATE YOUR VALUSTAR HOIST.





WARNING

Improper operation of a hoist can create a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in <u>death</u> or <u>serious injury</u>. To avoid such a potentially hazardous situation, the operator shall:

- NOT operate a damaged, malfunctioning or unusually performing hoist.
- NOT operate the hoist until you have thoroughly read and understood this Operating, Maintenance and Parts Manual.
- 3. **NOT** operate a hoist which has been modified (without the manufacturer's approval or without certification that it is in conformity with ANSI/AMSE B30 volumes).
- 4. **NOT** lift more than rated load for the hoist.
- NOT use hoist with twisted, kinked, damaged, or worn load chain.
- 6. **NOT** use the hoist to lift, support, or transport people.
- NOT lift loads over people.
- NOT operate a hoist unless all persons are and remain clear of the supported load.
- 9. **NOT** operate unless load is centered under hoist.
- 10. NOT attempt to lengthen the load chain or repair damaged load chain.
- 11. Protect the hoist's load chain from weld splatter or other damaging contaminants.
- 12. **NOT** operate hoist when it is restricted from forming a straight line from hook to hook in the direction of loading.
- 13. **NOT** use load chain as a sling, or wrap load chain around load.
- 14. NOT apply the load to the tip of the hook or to the hook latch.
- 15. NOT apply the load unless load chain is properly seated in the chain wheel(s) or sprocket(s).
- 16. **NOT** apply load if bearing prevents equal loading on all load supporting chains.
- 17. **NOT** operate beyond the limits of the load chain travel.
- 18. **NOT** leave load supported by the hoist unattended unless specific precautions have been taken.
- NOT allow the load chain or hook to be used as an electrical or welding ground.
- 20. NOT allow the load chain or hook to be touched by a live welding electrode.
- 21. **NOT** remove or obscure the warnings on the hoist.
- 22. **NOT** operate a hoist on which the safety placards or decals are missing or illegible.
- 23. NOT operate a hoist unless it has been securely attached to a suitable support.

- 24. **NOT** operate a hoist unless load slings or other approved single attachments are properly sized and seated in the hook saddle.
- 25. Take up slack carefully make sure load is balanced and load holding action is secure before continuing.
- Shut down a hoist that malfunctions or performs unusually and report such malfunction.
- 27. Make sure hoist limit switches function properly.
- 28. Warn personnel of an approaching load.



Improper operation of a hoist can create a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in <u>minor</u> or <u>moderate injury</u>. To avoid such a potentially hazardous situation, the operator shall:

- Maintain a firm footing or be otherwise secured when operating the hoist.
- 2. Check brake function by tensioning the hoist prior to each lift operation.
- 3. Use hook latches. Latches are to retain slings, chains, etc. under slack conditions only.
- 4. Make sure the hook latches are closed and not supporting any parts of the load.
- Make sure the load is free to move and will clear all obstructions.
- 6. Avoid swinging the load or hook.
- Make sure hook travel is in the same direction as shown on the controls.
- Inspect the hoist regularly, replace damaged or worn parts, and keep appropriate records of maintenance.
- 9. Use the hoist manufacturer's recommended parts when repairing the unit.
- Lubricate load chain per hoist manufacturer's recommendations.
- 11. **NOT** use the hoist load limiting or warning device to measure load.
- 12. NOT use limit switches as routine operating stops unless allowed by manufacturer. They are emergency devices only.
- 13. **NOT** allow your attention to be diverted from operating the hoist.
- 14. **NOT** allow the hoist to be subjected to sharp contact with other hoists, structures, or objects through misuse.
- 15. **NOT** adjust or repair the hoist unless qualified to perform such adjustments or repairs.

HOIST SAFETY IS UP TO YOU...

WARNING

-DO NOT LIFT MORE THAN RATED LOAD.

CHOOSE THE RIGHT HOIST FOR THE JOB...

Choose a hoist with a capacity for the job. Know the capacities of your hoists and the weight of your loads. Then match them. The application, the size and type of load, the attachments to be used and the period of use must also be taken into consideration in selecting the right hoist for the job.

Remember the hoist was designed to ease

our burden and carelessness not only endangers the operator, but in many cases,



WARNING

- DO NOT OPERATE DAMAGED OR MALFUNCTIONING HOIST. - DO NOT OPERATE WITH TWISTED, KINKED OR DAMAGED

All hoists should be visually inspected before use, in addition to regular, periodic maintenance inspections.

Inspect hoists for operational warning

notices and legibility.

Deficiencies should be noted and brought to the attention of supervisors. Be sure defective hoists are tagged and taken out of



service until repairs are made.

Under no circumstances should you operate a malfunctioning hoist.

Check chain for gouged, twisted, distorted links and foreign material. Do not operate hoists with twisted, kinked or damaged chain.

Load chain should be properly lubricated. Hooks that are bent, worn or whose openings are enlarged beyond normal throat opening should not be used. If latch does not engage throat opening of hook, hoist should be taken out service.

Check for misphasing - hook travel should correspond to control direction.





-DO NOT PULL AT AN ANGLE. BE SURE HOIST AND LOAD ARE IN A STRAIGHT LINE.

USE HOIST PROPERLY



Be sure hoist is solidly held in the uppermost part of the support hook arc



Be sure hoist and load are in a straight line. Do not pull at an



Be sure load is hooked securely Do not tip load the hook. Do not load hook latch. Hook latch is to prevent detachment of load under slack chain conditions only.



Do not use load chain as a sling. Such usage damages the chain and lower hook



Do not operate with hoist head resting against any object. Lift the load gently. Do not jerk it.



-DO NOT LIFT PEOPLE OR LOADS OVER PEOPLE.

LIFT PROPERLY

Do not lift co-workers with a hoist Make sure everyone is clear of the load when you lift.

Do not remove or obscure operational warning notices.



MAINTAIN PROPERLY

CLEANING: Hoists should be kept clean and free of dust, dirt, moisture, etc., which will in any way affect the operation or safe-

ty of the equipment.

LUBRICATION: Chain should be properly lubricated.

AFTER REPAIRS: Carefully operate the hoist before returning it to full service.



VIOLATION OF ANY OF THESE WARNINGS LISTED MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY TO THE OPERATOR OR NEARBY PERSONNEL BY RELEASED LOAD OR BROKEN HOIST COMPONENTS.

FOREWORD

This manual contains important information to help you properly install, operate and maintain your hoist for maximum performance, economy and safety.

Please study its contents thoroughly before putting your hoist into operation. By practicing correct operating procedures and by carrying out the recommended preventive maintenance suggestions, you will experience long, dependable and safe service.

After you have completely familiarized yourself with the contents of this manual, we recommend that you carefully file it for future reference.

The information herein is directed to the proper use, care and maintenance of the hoist and does not comprise a handbook on the broad subject of rigging. Rigging can be defined as the process of lifting and moving heavy loads using hoists and other information, we recommended consulting a standard textbook on the subject.

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GENERAL INFORMATION

SPECIFICATIONS

The Valustar Electric Chain Hoist is a highly versatile materials handling device that can be used to lift loads that are within rated capacity. The mechanical features of these hoists include an alloy steel lift wheel, overload device (Protector), hardened steel chain guides, simple two stage gear reduction, lifetime lubrication, forged steel hooks and lightweight aluminum frames. The electrical features include hoist-duty motor, magnetic reversing contactor, rugged control station, heavy-duty motor brake and control transformer (3 phase units). Hoists are supplied with a rigid upper hook suspension as standard. Table 1 summarizes the hoist's specifications.

CM REPAIR/REPLACEMENT POLICY

All Columbus McKinnon (CM) Valustar Electric Chain Hoists are inspected and performance tested prior to shipment. If

any properly maintained hoist develops a performance problem, due to a material or workmanship defect, as verified by CM, repair or replacement of the unit will be made to the original purchaser without charge. This repair/replacement policy applies only to Valustar Hoists installed, maintained and operated as outlined in this manual, and specifically excludes parts subject to normal wear, abuse, improper installation, improper or inadequate maintenance, hostile environmental effects and unauthorized repairs/modifications.

We reserve the right to change materials or design if, in our opinion, such changes will improve our product. Abuse, repair by an unauthorized person, or use of non-CM replacement parts voids the guarantee and could lead to dangerous operation. For full Terms of Sale, see Sales Order Acknowledgement. Also, refer to the back cover for Limitations of Warranties, Remedies and Damages, and Indemnification and Safe Operation.

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Valustar Electric Chain Hoist Specifications	Valustar	Electric	Chain	Hoist	Si	pecifications
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CODE	DC CODE	MODEL	MAX. CAP. L (TONS)	IFTING SPEED F.P.M.	MOTOR H.P.	MIN. HOOK Distance	POWER SUPPLY VOLTS/PHASE/HERTZ	NET WEIGHT (POUNDS)
2401	62401	WB	1/4	16	1/4	16-1/2"	115-1-60	51
2402	62402	WB	1/4	16	1/4	16-1/2"	230/460-3-60	61
2413	62413	WE	1/2	8	1/4	19-7/8"	230/460-3-60	72
2412	62412	WE	1/2	8	1/4	19-7/8"	115-1-60	62
2403	62403	WF	1/2	16	1/2	16-1/2"	115-1-60	53
2404	62404	WF	1/2	16	1/2	16-1/2"	230/460-3-60	68
2405	62405	WH	1	8	1/2	19-7/8"	115-1-60	69
2406	62406	WH	1	8	1/2	19-7/8"	230/460-3-60	78
2414	62414	WJ	1/2	32	1	17-5/8"	230/460-3-60	105
2407	62407	WL	1	16	1	17-5/8"	115-1-60	109
2408	62408	WL	1	16	1	17-5/8"	230/460-3-60	106
2409	62409	WR	2	8	1	24-1/2"	115-1-60	129
2410	62410	WR	2	8	1	24-1/2"	230/460-3-60	126

Series 635 Low Headroom Trolley Specifications

MAX. CAP. (TONS)	FOR USE WITH MODELS	ADJUSTABLE FOR S-BEAMS	TREAD DIA. OF Wheels (In.)	MIN. RADIUS Curve (In.)
1/4 to 1	WB, WE, WF, WH, WJ, WL	4" X 7.7# TO 15" X 50#	3-1/8	24
2	WR	6" X 12.5# TO 18" X 54.7#	4-3/4	24

Series 635 Motor-Driven Trolley Specifications

MAX. CAP. (TONS)	FOR USE WITH MODELS	POWER Supply	TRAVEL Speed (FPM)	MOTOR H.P.	ADJUSTABLE FOR S-BEAMS	MIN. RADIUS Curve (In.)
1/4 to 2	WB, WE, WF, WH, WJ, WL, WR	115-1-60 230-3-60 or 460-3-60	75	1/4	6" x 12.5" thru 15" x 50#	30

ACCESSORIES

Series 635 Low Headroom Trolley

These are manual push type trolleys designed for use with the Valustar Electric Chain Hoists, and a rigid lug suspension is required to attach the hoist to the trolley (see Figure 1). The trolley is adjustable to operate on a range of American Standard beams as indicated in Table 1, and it will also operate on flat flanged beams.

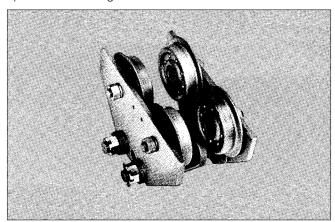


Figure 1. Series 635 Low Headroom Trolley

Series 635 Motor Driven Trolley

The motor driven trolley is self-contained and supplied complete with controls and wiring, ready for attachment to any of the Valustar Electric Hoists (see Figure 2). A rigid lug suspension is required to attach the hoist to the trolley, and complete instructions are provided to electrically and mechanically attach the hoist to the trolley. The trolley is adjustable to operate on a range of American Standard beams as indicated in Table 1, and it will operate on flat flanged beams.

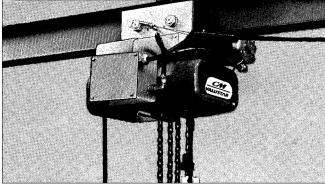


Figure 2. Series 635 Motor Driven Trolley

Rigid Lug Suspension

This suspension is required for attaching the hoist to the Low Headroom or Motor Driven Trolley (see Figure 3). It must be ordered separately with the hoist model and trolley type specified.

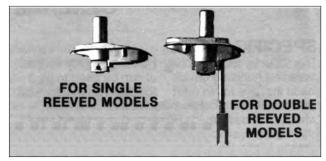


Figure 3. Rigid Lug Suspension

Chain Container

This accessory is used to hold the slack chain, and it is supplied complete with mounting hardware and mounting instructions. The chain container is recommended for those applications where the slack chain would interfere with the load. Chain containers can be furnished for units already in use. When ordering, specify hoist model and lift.

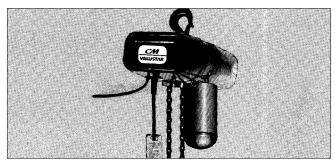


Figure 4. Chain Container

INSTALLATION

UNPACKING INFORMATION

When received, the hoist should be carefully inspected for damage which may have occurred during shipment or handling. Check the hoist frame for dents or cracks, the external cords for damaged or cut insulation, the control station for cut or damaged enclosure, and inspect the load chain for nicks and gouges. If shipping damage has occurred, refer to the packing list envelope on the carton for claim procedure.

Before installing the hoist, make sure that the power supply to which it will be connected is the same as that shown on the nameplate located on the side of the hoist.

Note: To assure extra long life and top performance, be sure to follow the load chain lubricating instructions on Page 12.

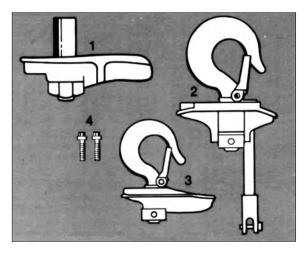


Figure 5. Suspension Assemblies

- Lug type (single reeved adapter) for use with Low Headroom Trolley and Motor Driven Trolley.
- 2. Swivel hook type (double-reeved adapter).
- 3. Rigid Hook Type (single-reeved adapter).
- 12 point suspension screws.
 (Do not order parts by these numbers. See parts list.)

ATTACHING SUSPENSION

- Remove the hook suspension from the carton and the two, 12 point suspension screws from the bag, see Figure 5.
 The suspension for a double chain hoist (Models WE, WH and WR) includes a dead end bolt and block for supporting the dead end of the load chain as shown in Figure 5.
- 2. Place the suspension in the recess on top of hoist. On double chain hoist, the dead end block should project through the bottom of hoist with the pin hole and slot aligned to the underside of hoist as shown in Figure 6. It may be necessary to lift the bolt head from the hex recess in the suspension adapter, turn and reseat it, to obtain this alignment. DO NOT CHANGE THE POSITION OF THE DEAD END BLOCK ON THE BOLT. The pin hole should clear the hoist frame by not more than 1/4" on Models WE and WH and 7/16" on Model WR.
- Insert the screws through the adapter and engage the selflocking nuts enclosed in the hoist. Screws will enter the nuts freely except for the last 1/4" of travel during which the resistance of the nut locking collar will be encountered.
- Securely tighten the screws to the recommended seating torque specified in the table below, using a 12 point socket which fits the head of the screw.

Model No.	Screw Size	Recommended Seating Torque
WB, WE, WF and WH	3/8-16 UNC-3A	30-45 Lb. Ft.
WJ, WL, and WR	1/2-20 UNF-3A	40-80 Lb. Ft.

A WARNING

Using other than CM supplied high strength suspension screws to attach the suspension adapter to the hoist may cause the screws to break and allow the hoist and load to fall.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Use only the CM supplied suspension screws to attach the suspension to the hoist and torque these screws to the recommended seating torque as specified above.

Also, do not apply any type of lubricant to the threads of these screws. Lubricating the threads will reduce the effort to seat the screws and, as a result, tightening the screws to the above recommended torque may break the screw, damage the suspension adapter, strip the nuts and/or damage the hoist frame.

ATTACHING LOAD CHAIN

Models WE, WH and WR

- 1. Suspend the hoist from an adequate support.
- 2. The hoist is shipped with the dead end of the load chain temporarily positioned a few links from the end by a plastic tie (1) as shown in Figure 6. Do not remove this plastic tie until the chain is secured.
- 3. On Models WE and WH, insert the last link of the load chain into the dead end block (2) and secure it with the dead end pin, washer and cotter pin furnished with the suspension. Remove the plastic tie (1) by cutting with a pair of electrical pliers.
 - On Model WR, remove the plastic tie (1) by cutting with a pair of electrical pliers. Slide the contact block up the chain until it is against the bottom of the hoist and the dead end block is projecting through the square opening in the bottom of the block. Insert the last link of the load chain, making sure there are no twists between the hook block and the dead end block, into the dead end block. Push the contact block up slightly and secure the load chain to the dead end block using the dead end pin, washer and cotter pin furnished with the suspension. The dead end pin also supports the contact block.
- 4. Do not remove the ties from the load chain until after the hoist is suspended from its permanent support or tract system. Now, suspend the hoist from its permanent support or tract system. If the hoist is to be hung from a Low Headroom Trolley or a Motor Driven Trolley, refer to the trolley installation instructions.

INSTALLING ACCESSORIES Series 635 Low Headroom Trolley

(See Figure 7)



Operating the trolley on a beam that has no rail stops may allow the trolley to fall off the end of beam.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Install rail stops at each end of the beam on which the trolley is to operate.

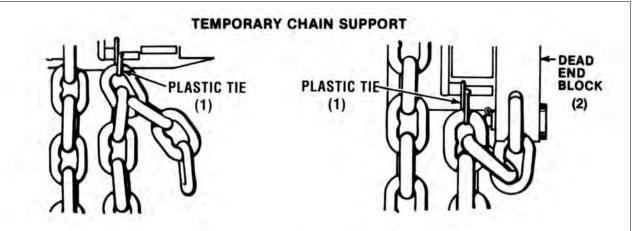
To attach the hoist to the trolley a lug suspension (Figure 3) is required. The trolley and lug suspension are packed separately, and the hook suspension that is packed with the hoist may be discarded. To install the lug suspension, follow the instructions for attaching the suspension on this page.

To adjust the trolley to fit the beam properly, proceed as follows:

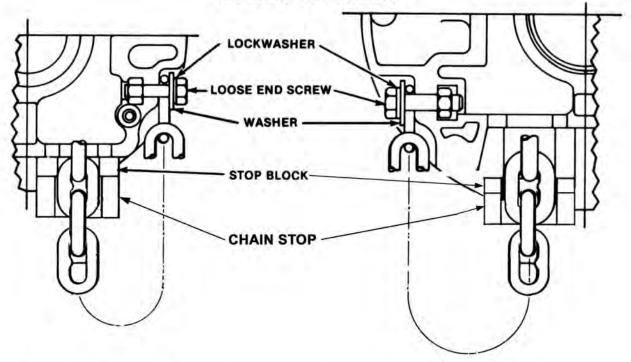
 Arrange the side frames, load bracket, spacer washers and nuts on the suspension bolts according to Figure 7 and Table 2. Do not assemble cotter pins to the bolts.

Note: special trolleys shown in chart require special suspension bolts.

The number of spacers as given in Table 2 is nominally correct, however, due to the variation in size encountered on structural steel sections, it will be necessary in some cases to vary the number used. Therefore, the distance



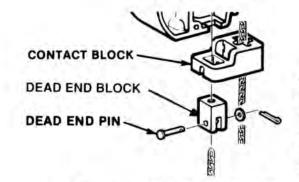
LOOSE END ATTACHMENT



MODELS WE, WB, WF AND WH

MODELS WJ, WL, AND WR

CONTACT BLOCK



NOTE: Model WR is furnished with a contact block. The dead end block passes through the contact block and the contact block is supported by the dead end pin.

Figure 6. Load Chain Attachment

between the trolley trackwheel flanges and the beam flange width should be measured to determine the exact distribution of the spacer washers. The number of spacer washers between side frames and load bracket should be the same or differ only by one spacer to keep the hoist hook centered under the beam.

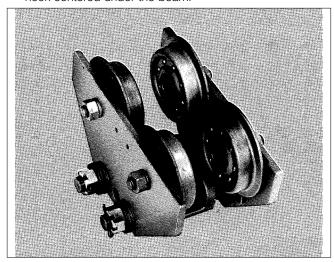


Figure 7. Series 635 Low Headroom Trolley

Note: Due to the variations in beam flange widths, it is suggested that the beam flange width be measured to determine the exact distribution of spacer washers. The distance between trackwheel flanges (dimension "X") should be 1/8 to 3/16 inch greater than the beam flange width for straight runway beams, and 3/16 to 1/4 inch greater than the beam flange width if runway system includes sharp curves. Also, the use of other than CM supplied washers may result in trackwheel to beam flange variations and thus Table 2 will not apply.

Install the trolley on beam by sliding one side of frame out far enough to allow the trackwheels to clear the beam flange.



If CM's washer spacing recommendations are not followed, trolley may fall from beam.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Measure the actual beam flange on which the trolley is to operate and use Table 2 to determine the arrangement of the spacer washers for that flange width.

- 4. Draw the side frames together and assemble cotter pins.
- 5. With the trolley mounted on the beam, attach the hoist by inserting the suspension lug into the trolley load bracket and inserting the suspension pin through the load bracket and suspension lug as shown in Figure 8. Secure the pin using the socket head cap screw and lockwasher.
- 6. Thread the socket head cap screw and lockwasher into load bracket and tighten securely.
- 7. Now, refer to "Power Supply and Electrical Connections" on this page and complete the hoist installation procedure.
- Then with a capacity load on hoist, operate trolley over the entire length of runway or monorail system to be sure that the adjustment and operation is satisfactory. On systems with curves, keep the rail edges at the curved sections lightly greased.

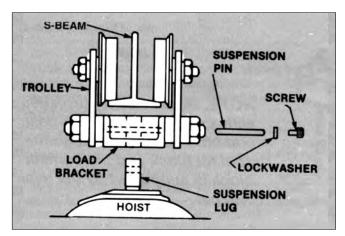


Figure 8. Attaching Hoist to Trolley



An excessively worn beam flange may fail and allow the trolley to fall from the beam.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Periodically inspect the beam flange for wear. Replace beam if flange is worn.

Series 635 Motor Driven Trolley

To attach the hoist to the trolley, a lug suspension (Figure 3) is required. The trolley and lug suspension are packed separately, and the hook suspension that is packed with the hoist may be discarded. To install the lug suspension, follow the instructions for attaching the suspension on page 4. The Motor Driven Trolley must be assembled and wired to the hoist by the user per the manual packed with the trolley.

Chain Container

For installation instruction, refer to instruction sheet packed with the chain container.

POWER SUPPLY AND ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

All Hoists

The hoist should be connected to a branch circuit which complies with the requirements of the National Electrical Code and applicable local codes.

It is recommended, especially for a single phase hoist with a one horsepower motor, that a line of adequate capacity be run directly from the power supply to the hoist to prevent having problems with low voltage and circuit overloads.

For grounding of the hoist, the power cord includes a grounding conductor (green wire). On a standard single phase unit this cord is equipped with a three-prong plug. Be sure that the receptacle opening which receives the longest prong is properly grounded. Furthermore, the suspension system on which the hoist is mounted should also be permanently grounded.

Before connecting the hoist to the power supply, check that the power to be used agrees with that shown on the hoist identification label. In addition, for a three phase, dual voltage unit, check the voltage shown on the tag attached to power cord.

		Ta	able 2							
Trolley Side Frame S	pacing				ACITY ACERS				APACIT SPACER	
		FLANGE WIDTH	А	В	С	D	А	В	С	D
		2-5/8	10	0	0	10				
(1)Z		3	9	1	1	9				
← → "X"		3-3/8	8	2	2	8	8	0	0	8
		3-5/8	7	3	3	7	7	1	1	7
	STANDARD	4	6	4	4	6	6	2	2	6
	TROLLEYS	4-5/8	4	6	6	4	4	4	4	4
		5	3	7	7	3	3	5	5	3
		5-1/4	2	8	8	2	3	5	6	2
		5-1/2	1	9	8	2	2	6	7	1
		5-5/8	1	9	9	1	1	7	7	1
		6					0	8	8	0
		6	5	5	5	4				
		6-1/4	4	6	6	3	8	2	1	8
		7	0	9	9	1	5	5	4	5
	SPECIAL	7-1/8					5	5	5	4
Á B Ć D	TROLLEYS	7-1/4					4	6	5	4
		7-7/8					2	8	8	1
		8					1	9	8	1

Minimum Beam Radius 24" for all capacities. Dimension applies to minimum S-Beam and will vary with larger S-Beams.

The nominal hoist voltage rating corresponding to the voltage range given on hoist identification label is:

SINGLE SPEED UNITS				
Range	Nominal Volts			
110-120	115			
220-240	230			
440-480	460			

Three Phase Hoists

Changing the voltage connections on a single speed, three phase dual voltage unit is easily accomplished by following the instructions on the wiring diagram provided with the hoist.

Since the motor in a three phase hoist can rotate in either direction, depending on the manner in which it is connected to the power supply, the direction of hook movement must be checked during the original installation and each time hoist is moved to a new location.

- 1. Make temporary connections at the power supply.
- Operate (UP) control in control station momentarily. If hook raises, connections are correct and can be made permanent.
- 3. If hook lowers, it is necessary to change direction by interchanging the Red Lead and the Black Lead of the hoist power cord at power supply. Under no circumstances should the internal wiring of control station or hoist be changed to reverse hook direction. The wiring is inspected and tested at the factory.



Allowing the hook block to run into the bottom of the hoist when raising a load or allowing the loose end block to run into the bottom of the hoist when lowering a load may break the chain and allow the load to drop.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Do not allow the hook block or the loose end block to contact the bottom of the hoist.

Checking for Adequate Voltage at Hoist

The hoist must be supplied with adequate electrical power in order to operate properly. For proper operation, the voltage, (measured at the end of the hoist power cord) must be as indicated in the table below:

NOMINAL Power Supply	MINIMUM RUNNING VOLTAGE	MINIMUM Starting Voltage
115-1-60	104	98
230-3-60	198	_
460-3-60	396	_

Signs of Inadequate Electrical Power (Low Voltage) are:

- Noisy hoist operations due to brake and/or contactor chattering.
- Dimming of lights or slowing of motors connected to the same circuit.
- Heating of the hoist motor and other internal components, as well as heating of the wires and connectors in the circuit feeding the hoists.
- Failure of the hoist to lift the load due to motor stalling.
- Blowing of fuses or tripping of circuit breakers.

To avoid these low voltage problems, the hoist must be connected to an electrical power supply system that complies with the National Electrical Code and applicable local codes. This system must also be rated for a minimum of 20 amps and it must have #14 AWG or larger wiring, a disconnecting means, overcurrent protection (slow blow fuses or inverse-time type circuit breakers) and provisions for grounding the hoist.



WARNING

Failure to properly ground the hoist presents the danger of electric shock.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Permanently ground the hoist as instructed in this manual.

Low voltage can also be caused by using an undersize extension cord to supply power to the hoist. The following chart should be used to determine the size wires in the extension cord in order to minimize the voltage drop between the power source and the hoist.

LENGTH OF Extension Cord	SINGLE-PHASE HOISTS MIN. WIRE SIZE	THREE-PHASE HOISTS MIN. WIRE SIZE
Up to 50 feet	#14 AWG	#16 AWG
80 feet	#12 AWG	#16 AWG
120 feet	#10 AWG	#14 AWG



WARNING

Failure to provide a proper power supply system for the hoist may cause hoist damage and offers the potential for a fire.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Provide the hoist with a 20 amp. minimum, overcurrent protected power supply system per the National Electrical Code and applicable local codes as instructed in this manual.

Remember, operation with low voltage can void the CM repair/replacement policy. When in doubt about any of the electrical requirements, consult a qualified electrician.

Note: Always disconnect the power from the power supply system and lockout/tagout disconnecting means before servicing the hoist.



Ø⁺**®** WARNING

Working in or near exposed energized electrical equipment presents the danger of electrical shock.

TO AVOID INJURY

Disconnect power and lockout/tagout disconnecting means before removing cover or servicing this equipment.

Checking for Twist in Load Chain Models WE, WH and WR

The best way to check for this condition is to run the lower hook, without a load, up to within about 2" of hoist. If the dead-end of the chain has been properly installed, a twist can occur only if the lower hook block has been capsized between the strands of chain. Reverse capsize to remove twist.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL

The hoist is equipped with a Protector™ that is designed to allow the intermediate gear to slip on an excessive overload. An overload is indicated when the hoist will not raise the load. Also, some clutching noise may be heard if the hoist is loaded beyond rated capacity. Should this occur, immediately release the up control to stop the operation of the hoist. At this point, the load should be reduced to the rated hoist capacity or the hoist should be replaced with one of the proper capacity. When the excessive load is removed, normal hoist operation is automatically restored.

CAUTION: The Protector™ is susceptible to overheating and wear when slipped for extended periods. Under no circumstance should the clutch be allowed to slip for more than a few seconds.

Due to the above, the hoist is not recommended for use in any application where there is a possibility of adding to an already suspended load to the point of overload. This includes dumbwaiter installation (refer to limitations discussed in Safety Precautions on Page ii), containers that are loaded in mid-air, etc. Also, if the hoist is used at unusual extremes of ambient temperatures, above 150°F. or below 15°F., changes in lubricant properties may permit the hoist to raise larger loads than under normal operating conditions and present possibility of damage or injury.

On single phase units, it is necessary to stop the hoist before changing direction. Therefore, when lowering a load, the rocker in the control station must be released momentarily before the up -control is depressed to raise the load. If this is not done, the hoist will continue to operate in the down direction while the up - control is depressed, and it will continue to lower the load until the control rocker is released. As a result, on the single phase units, the direction must not be reversed quickly (plug reversed).

There are no electrical switches to stop the operation of the hoist at the upper and lower limits of the lift. As a result, it is necessary to release the rocker in the control station to stop the hoist before the hook block or loose end block contacts the bottom of the hoist frame. If the hook block or loose end block contacts the hoist frame, the Protector™ will function to stop the hoisting or lowering operation and protect the hoist components from damage. However, continued, prolonged or repeated slipping of the Protector™ will damage the Protector[™] and cause overheating of the internal hoist components.

HOIST

- 1. Before picking up a load, check to see that the hoist is directly overhead.
- 2. WHEN APPLYING A LOAD, IT SHOULD BE DIRECTLY UNDER HOIST OR TROLLEY. AVOID OFF CENTER LOADING OF ANY KIND.
- 3. Take up a slack load chain carefully and start load easily to avoid shock and jerking of hoist load chain. If there is any evidence of overloading, immediately lower the load and remove the excess load.
- 4. **DO NOT** allow the load to swing or twist while hoisting.
- 5. **DO NOT** allow the load to bear against the hook latch.

HOIST WITH LOW HEADROOM TROLLEY

This unit should be moved by pushing on the suspended load or by pulling the empty hook. However, the unit can also be moved by pulling on the control station since an internal steel cable extends the length of the control cord and is anchored to the hoist and to the control station.

HOIST WITH MOTOR DRIVEN TROLLEY

This unit should be moved by operating the controls marked ♦ (Forward) and • (Reverse) in control station. Unless altered by the erector, depressing • (Forward) control will move the hoist toward motor housing end. Anticipate the stopping point and allow trolley to coast to a smooth stop. Reversing or "plugging" to stop trolley causes overheating of motor and swaying of load.

SAFETY PROCEDURES

For safety precautions and a list of **DO'S** and **DO NOT'S** for safe operation of hoists, refer to **page ii**.

- When preparing to lift a load, be sure that the attachments to the hook are firmly seated in hook saddle. Avoid off center loading of any kind, especially loading on the point of hook.
- When lifting, raise the load only enough to clear the floor or support and check to be sure that the attachments to the hook and load are firmly seated. Continue to lift only after you are assured the load is free of all obstructions.
- 3. DO NOT load hoist beyond the rated capacity shown on hoist identification plate or on the hoist motor housing cover or hoist back frame cover. Overload can cause immediate failure of some load-carrying part or create a defect causing subsequent failure at less than rated capacity. When in doubt, use the next larger capacity of CM Valustar Hoist.
- DO NOT use this or any other overhead materials handling equipment for lifting persons.
- Stand clear of all loads and avoid moving a load over the heads of other personnel. Warn personnel of your intention to move a load in their area.
- 6. DO NOT leave the load suspended in the air unattended.
- 7. Permit only qualified personnel to operate unit.
- DO NOT wrap the load chain around the load and hook onto itself as a choker chain.

Doing this will result in:

- a. The loss of the swivel effect of the hook which could mean a twisted chain and a jammed lift wheel.
- b. The chain could be damaged at the hook.
- On two part-reeved hoists, check for twists in the load chain. A twist can occur if the lower hook block has been capsized between the strands of chain. Reverse the capsize to remove twist.
- 10. DO NOT allow the load to bear against the hook latch. The latch is to help maintain the hook in position while the chain is slack before taking up slack chain.



WARNING

Allowing the load to bear against the hook latch and/or hook tip can result in loss of load.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Do not allow the load to bear against the hook latch and/or hook tip. Apply load to hook bowl or saddle only.

- 11. Take up a slack load chain carefully and start load easily to avoid shock and jerking of hoist load chain. If there is any evidence of overloading, immediately lower the load and remove the excess load.
- 12. Do not allow the load to swing or twist while hoisting.

INSPECTION

PROCEDURES

To maintain continuous and satisfactory operation, a regular inspection procedure must be initiated to replace worn or damaged parts before they become unsafe. Inspection intervals must be determined by the individual application and are based on the type of service to which the hoist will be subjected and the degree of exposure to wear, deterioration or malfunction of the critical components.

The type of service which the hoist is subjected can be classified as "NORMAL," "HEAVY," "SEVERE."

NORMAL SERVICE: Involves operation with randomly distributed loads within the rated load limit, or uniform loads less than 65 percent of rated load for not more than 25 percent of the time.

HEAVY SERVICE: Involves operating the hoist within the rated load limit which exceeds normal service.

SEVERE SERVICE: Is normal or heavy service with abnormal operating conditions.

Two classes of inspection, **FREQUENT** and **PERIODIC**, must be performed.

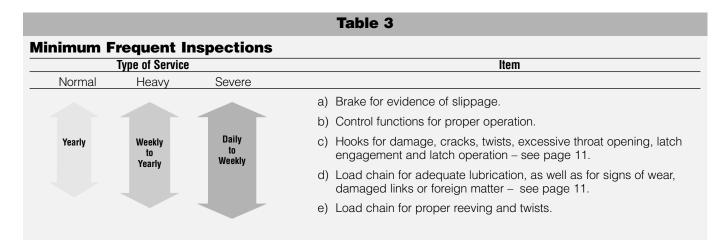
FREQUENT INSPECTIONS: These inspections are visual examinations by the operator or other designated personnel. Records of such inspections are not required. The frequent inspections are to be performed monthly for normal service, weekly to monthly for heavy service, and daily to weekly for severe service, and they should include those items listed in Table 3.

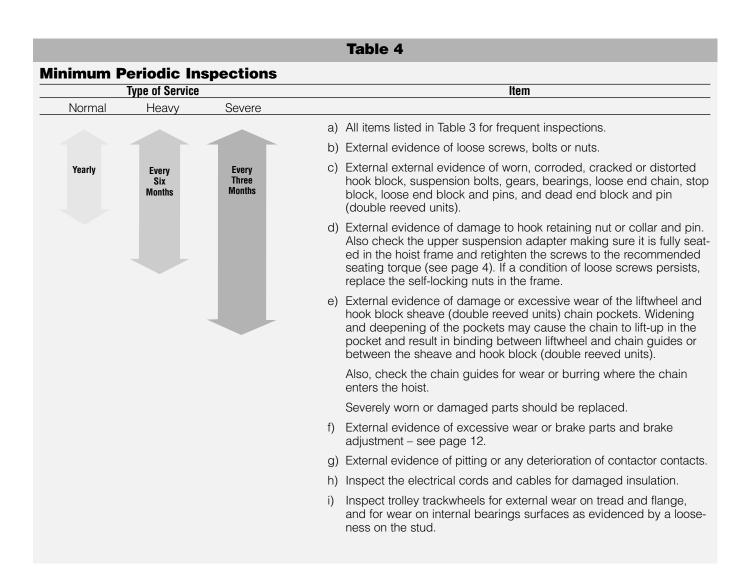
PERIODIC INSPECTIONS: These inspections are visual inspections of external conditions by an appointed person. Records of periodic inspections are to be kept for continuing evaluation of the condition of the hoist. Periodic inspections are to be performed yearly for normal service, semi-annually for heavy service and quarterly for severe service, and they are to include those items listed in Table 4.

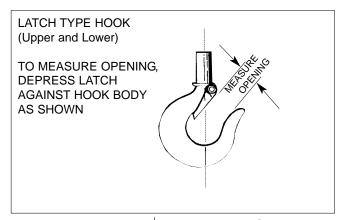
CAUTION: Any deficiencies are to be corrected before the hoist is returned to service. Also, the external conditions may show the need for disassembly to permit a more detailed inspection, which, in turn, may require the use of non-destructive type testing.

Preventive Maintenance

In addition to the above inspection procedure, a preventive maintenance program should be established to prolong the useful life of the hoist and maintain its reliability and continued safe use. The program should include periodic and frequent inspections with particular attention being paid to the lubrication of the various components using the recommended lubricants (see page 12).







Models	Replace Hook When Opening is Greater Than							
WB, WF	1-3/16							
WE, WH, WJ & WL	1-5/16							
WR	1-1/2							

Figure 9. Hook Inspection

Hook Inspection

Hooks damaged from chemicals, deformations or cracks, or that have more than a 10° twist from the hook's unbent plane or excessive opening or seat wear must be replaced. Also, hooks that are opened and allow the latch to not engage the tip, must be replaced. Any hook that is twisted or has excessive throat opening indicates abuse or overloading of the unit. Inspect other load sustaining parts for damage.

On latch type hooks, check to make sure that the latch is not damaged or bent and that it operates properly with sufficient spring pressure to keep the latch tightly against the tip of the hook and allow the latch to spring back to the tip when released. If the latch does not operate properly, it should be replaced. See Figure 9 to determine when the hook must be replaced.

Protector[™]

The ProtectorTM should operate for the normal life of the hoist without service. The device has been lubricated and calibrated at the factory for a specific model of hoist and is not adjustable or interchangeable with other models. For proper overload protection be sure before installing a ProtectorTM that it is correct for the unit. The spring washer of the ProtectorTM has been color coded at the factory as follows:

Models	Protector™ Color Code
WB, WE	White
WE, WH	Orange
WJ	Red
WL, WR	Green



WARNING

Removing the snap ring on the Protector $^{\text{TM}}$ assembly will allow the parts to spring apart.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Do not attempt to disassemble the Protector $^{\text{TM}}$.

LOAD CHAIN

Clean and Inspection

First clean the load chain with a non-acid or non-caustic type solvent, then slack the chain and make a link-by-link inspec-

tion for nicks, gouges, twisted links, stretching and excessive wear. In particular, observe the bearing surface between links, and if any of these conditions exist, the load chain must be replaced. Chain should be gaged throughout its entire length and replaced if beyond serviceable limits.

To determine if load chain should be continued in service, check gage lengths as indicated in Figure 10. Chain worn beyond length indicated, nicked, gouged or twisted should be replaced before returning hoist to service. Chain should be clean, free of twists and pulled taut before measuring. In cases where the wear is localized and not beyond serviceable limits, it is sometimes possible to reverse the load chain, end for end, and allow a new section to take the wear. Removal and installation of the load chain is covered in subsequent paragraphs.

To aid in gaging load chain wear. A chain gage can be obtained from CM. This can be obtained by ordering chain gage Part No. 3191.

CAUTION: Before installing new load chain, the unit must be disassembled to allow inspection for damage or wear and replacement, if required, of mating parts (liftwheel, chain guides, motor and gear housings).

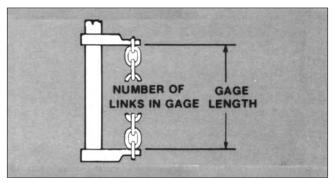


Figure 10. Gaging Load Chain Wear

Models	Dia. of Chain Stock	No. of Links to Gage	Max. Gage Length Allowable Used Chain
WE, WB, WF & WH	0.250"	19	14-13/16"
WJ, WL, and WR	0.312"	21	18-7/8"

When installing new load chain or mating parts, refer to Lubrication on page 12.

IMPORTANT: Do not use replaced chain for other purposes such as lifting or pulling. Load chain may break suddenly without visual deformation. For this reason, cut worn chain into short lengths to prevent use after disposal.



WARNING

Using other than CM supplied load chain may cause the chain to jam in the hoist and/or allow the chain to break and the load to drop.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Due to size requirements and physical properties, use only CM HOISTALOY® load chain in the CM Valustar Hoists.

MAINTENANCE



WARNING

The lubricants used in and recommended for the Valustar Hoist may contain hazardous materials that mandate specific handling and disposal procedures.

TO AVOID CONTACT AND CONTAMINATION:

Handle and dispose of lubricants only as directed in applicable material safety data sheets and in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.

HOIST LUBRICATION

NOTE: To assure extra long life and top performance, be sure to lubricate the various parts of the Valustar Hoist using the lubricants specified below. If desired, these lubricants may be purchased from CM. Refer to page 22 for information on ordering the lubricants.

Gears

The Protector™ should operate for the normal life of the hoist without service. The device has been lubricated and calibrated at the factory for a specific model of hoist and is not adjustable or interchangeable.

CAUTION: The Protector[™] is to be used with "Century Lubricants HB-11, #3" grease. Use of any other grease will damage Protector[™] parts or cause improper operation.

The gears and ProtectorTM are factory greased and should not need to be renewed unless the gears have been removed from the housing and degreased.

CAUTION: Never degrease or attempt to disassemble the Protector™. Degreasing may damage parts or cause erratic, inconsistent operation. If the Protector™ has been degreased, it must be replaced by a factory calibrated device.

If the gears are removed from the housing, wipe the excess grease off the outside Protector™ surfaces with a soft cloth and degrease the remaining gears and housings. Upon reassembly, add 7 oz. of above grease to gears and housing. Also, coat the spline on the end of the drive shaft with a molydisulphide lubricant such as "Super Herculon."

Bearings

All bearings and bushings except the lower hook thrust bearing are prelubricated and require no lubrication. Lubricate the lower hook thrust bearing at least once a month, using a heavy cup grease.

Chain Guides, Liftwheel & Lower Sheave Wheel

When the hoist is disassembled for inspection and/or repair, the chain guides, lower sheave wheel (on double chain units) and liftwheel must be lubricated with Lubriplate, Bar and Chain Oil 10-R (Fiske Bros. Refining Co.) prior to reassembly. Apply sufficient lubricant to obtain run-off and full coverage.

Load Chain

A small amount of lubricant will greatly increase the life of load chain. Do not allow the chain to run dry. Keep it clean and lubricate at regular intervals with Lubriplate, Bar and Chain Oil 10-R (Fiske Bros. Refining Co.) or equal lubricant. Normally, weekly lubrication and cleaning is satisfactory, but under hot and dirty

conditions, it may be necessary to clean the chain at least once a day and lubricate it several times between cleanings.

When lubricating the chain, apply sufficient lubricant to obtain natural run-off and full coverage.



WARNING

Used motor oils contain known carcinogenic materials.

TO AVOID HEALTH PROBLEMS:

Never use used motor oils as a chain lubricant. Only use Lubriplate Bar and Chain Oil 10-R as a lubricant for the load chain.

Low Headroom Trolley

CM trackwheel bearings are pre-lubricated and require no lubrication

ELECTRIC BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

The correct air gap between armature and field, when brake is not energized, is 0.035 inch and need not be adjusted until the gap reaches 0.075 inches. To adjust the brake, proceed as follows:

- 1. Disconnect hoist from power supply.
- 2. Remove back frame cover.
- 3. Before adjusting the gap:
 - a) back off the stud nuts and examine friction linings and friction surfaces for excessive wear, scoring or warpage.
 - b) check shading coils to be sure they are in place and not broken. A missing or broken shading coil will cause noisy brake operation.

These symptoms indicate the need for parts replacement.

- 4. Turn adjusting nuts clockwise gaging the air gap at both ends.
- 5. Replace cover, reconnect the power and check operation.

EXTERIOR FINISH

The exterior surfaces of the hoist and trolleys have a durable, scratch resistant baked powder coating. Normally, the exterior surfaces can be cleaned by wiping with a cloth. However, if the finish is damaged, compatible touch-up paint can be purchased from CM. Refer to page 22 for information on ordering the paint.

RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS

To insure continued service of the Valustar Hoist, the following is a list of parts that are recommended to be kept on hand at all times to replace parts that have worn or failed:

Key No.	Part Name	Qty. for each Hoist in Service
624-197	Brake Friction Disc Models WB & WE All Other Models	1 2
624-199	Brake Coil	1
624-213	Capacitor (115-1-60 Units Only)	1
624-215	Cut-Out Switch (115-1-60 Units Only)	1
624-216	Contactor	1
624-218	Transformer (Three-phase Units Only	/) 1
624-306	Control Station Parts Kit	1
624-307	Control Station Switch Kit	1
624-778	Solid State Reverse Switch	ch 1

Refer to Page 21 for ordering information and parts list for the part numbers.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

	Probable Cause		—— Remedy——
1.	Hook does not respond to control station.		
A.	No voltage at hoist – main line or branch circuit switch open; branch line fuse	A.	Close switch, replace fuse or reset breaker.
B.	blown or circuit breaker tripped. Phase failure (single-phasing, three-phase unit only) – open circuit, grounded or faulty connection in one line of supply system, hoist wiring, reversing contactor, motor leads or windings.	В.	Correct power supply system. Check for electrical continuity and repair or replace defective part.
C.	Open control circuit – open or shorted winding in transformer or reversing contactor coil; losse connection or broken wire in circuit; mechanical binding in contactor; control station contacts not closing or opening	C.	Check electrical continuity and repair or replace defective part.
	Wrong voltage or frequency.	D.	Use the voltage and frequency indicated on hoist identification label. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7.
E. F.	Low voltage. Brake not releasing – open or shorted coil winding; armature binding. Excessive load.	E. F. G.	Check electrical continuity and connections. Check that correct coil has been installed. The coil for three phase dual voltage unit operates at 230 volts when the hoist is connected for either 230 volt or 460 volt operation. Check brake adjustment (page 12). Reduce load to the capacity limit of hoist as indicated on the hoist identification label.
2	Hook moves in wrong direction.		label.
-		٨	Use wiring diagram and check wiring connections.
A.	Wiring connections reversed at the control station.		
B.	Failure of the motor cut-out switch to effect dynamic braking at time of reversal (single-phase units only).	В.	Check connections to switch. Replace damaged switch or faulty capacitor.
C.	Phase reversal (three-phase units only).	C.	Refer to installation instructions page 7.
3.	Hook lowers but will not raise.		
A. B.	Excessive load. Open hoisting circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connection or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts are not making.		See item 1G. Check electrical continuity and repair or replace defective part.
C.	Motor cut-out device not operating. (single-phase units only).	C.	Check the switch connections and actuating bar and contact for sticking or damage. Check centrifugal mechanism for loose or damaged components. Replace defective parts.
D.	Phase failure (three-phase units only).	D.	See item 1B.
4.	Hook raises but will not lower.		
4. A.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose	Α.	Check electrical continuity and repair or replace defective part.
Α.			Check electrical continuity and repair or replace defective part. See item 3C.
A. B.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making.		
A. B.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only).	В.	
A. B. 5. A.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated.	В.	See item 3C.
A. B. 5. A.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only).	В.	See item 3C.
A. B. 6.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly.	В.	See item 3C. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12.
A. B. A. A. A. B.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping.	A. A.	See item 3C. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12.
A. B. 5. A. A. B. 7. A.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Hoist operates sluggishly. Excessive load.	A. A. B.	See item 3C. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. See item 1G.
A. B. 5. A. A. B. 7. A. B. C.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Hoist operates sluggishly. Excessive load. Low voltage. Phase failure or unbalanced current in phases (three-phase units only).	A. A. B. C.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. See item 1B.
A. B. 5. A. A. B. 7. A. B. C.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Hoist operates sluggishly. Excessive load. Low voltage.	A. A. B. C.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7.
A. B. 5. A. A. B. 7. A. B. C.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Hoist operates sluggishly. Excessive load. Low voltage. Phase failure or unbalanced current in phases (three-phase units only).	A. A. B. C.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12.
A. B. 5. A. 6. A. B. 7. A. B. C. D.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Low voltage. Phase failure or unbalanced current in phases (three-phase units only). Brake dragging. Motor overheats. Excessive load.	A. A. B. C. D.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12.
A. B. 5. A. A. B. 7. A. B. C. D.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Hoist operates sluggishly. Excessive load. Low voltage. Phase failure or unbalanced current in phases (three-phase units only). Brake dragging. Motor overheats.	A. A. B. C. D. A. B.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. Above an ambient temperature of 104°F (40°C), the frequency of hoist operation must be limited to avoid overheating the motor. Special provisions should be made
A. B. 5. A. B. 7. A. B. C. D. 8. A. B.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Low voltage. Phase failure or unbalanced current in phases (three-phase units only). Brake dragging. Motor overheats. Excessive load. Low voltage.	A. A. B. C. D. A. B.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. Above an ambient temperature of 104°F (40°C), the frequency of hoist operation must be limited to avoid overheating the motor. Special provisions should be made to ventilate the space or shield the hoist from radiant heat. Avoid excessive inching, jogging or reversing. This type of operation drastically
A. B. 5. A. B. 7. A. B. C. D. B. C. D. E.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Low voltage. Phase failure or unbalanced current in phases (three-phase units only). Brake dragging. Motor overheats. Excessive load. Low voltage. Extreme external heat.	A. A. B. C. D. D. E.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. Above an ambient temperature of 104°F (40°C), the frequency of hoist operation must be limited to avoid overheating the motor. Special provisions should be made to ventilate the space or shield the hoist from radiant heat. Avoid excessive inching, jogging or reversing. This type of operation drastically shortens the motor and contactor life and causes excessive brake wear. See item 1B.
A. B. 5. A. B. 7. A. B. C. D. B. C. D. E. F.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Low voltage. Phase failure or unbalanced current in phases (three-phase units only). Brake dragging. Motor overheats. Excessive load. Low voltage. Excessive load. Low voltage. Excessive load. Excessive load. Excessive load. Excessive load. Frequent starting or reversing.	A. A. B. C. D. A. B. C. D. E. F.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. Above an ambient temperature of 104°F (40°C), the frequency of hoist operation must be limited to avoid overheating the motor. Special provisions should be made to ventilate the space or shield the hoist from radiant heat. Avoid excessive inching, jogging or reversing. This type of operation drastically shortens the motor and contactor life and causes excessive brake wear.
A. B. 5. A. A. B. C. D. B. A. B. C. D. E. F. G.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Low voltage. Phase failure or unbalanced current in phases (three-phase units only). Brake dragging. Motor overheats. Excessive load. Low voltage. Extreme external heat. Frequent starting or reversing. Phase failure or unbalanced current in the phases (three-phase units only). Brake dragging. Motor cut-out device not opening start winding circuit (single-phase units only).	A. A. B. C. D. A. B. C. D. E. F.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 72. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. Above an ambient temperature of 104°F (40°C), the frequency of hoist operation must be limited to avoid overheating the motor. Special provisions should be made to ventilate the space or shield the hoist from radiant heat. Avoid excessive inching, jogging or reversing. This type of operation drastically shortens the motor and contactor life and causes excessive brake wear. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12.
A. B. 5. A. B. 7. A. B. C. D. B. C. D. E. F.	Open lowering circuit – open or shorted winding in reversing contactor coil; loose connections or broken wire in circuit; control station contacts not making. Motor cut-out switch not operating (single-phase units only). Hook lowers when hoisting control is operated. Phase failure (three-phase units only). Hook does not stop promptly. Brake slipping. Excessive load. Low voltage. Phase failure or unbalanced current in phases (three-phase units only). Brake dragging. Motor overheats. Excessive load. Low voltage. Extreme external heat. Frequent starting or reversing. Phase failure or unbalanced current in the phases (three-phase units only). Brake dragging. Motor cut-out device not opening start winding circuit (single-phase units only).	A. A. B. C. D. C. D. E. F. G.	See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 72. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 12. See item 1G. Correct low voltage condition as described on page 7. Above an ambient temperature of 104°F (40°C), the frequency of hoist operation must be limited to avoid overheating the motor. Special provisions should be made to ventilate the space or shield the hoist from radiant heat. Avoid excessive inching, jogging or reversing. This type of operation drastically shortens the motor and contactor life and causes excessive brake wear. See item 1B. Check brake adjustment as described on page 12.

ELECTRICAL DATA

To Detect Open and Short Circuits in Electrical Components

Open circuits in the coils of electrical components may be detected by isolating the coil and checking for continuity with an ohmmeter or with the unit in series with a light or bell circuit.

Shorted turns are indicated by a current draw substantially above normal (connect ammeter in series with suspected

element and impose normal voltage) or D.C. resistance substantially below normal. The current method is recommended for coils with very low D.C. resistance.

Motor current draw in the stator should be measured with the rotor in place and running. Brake, relay and contactor coil current should be measured with the core iron in operating position.

Table 5

Electrical Data for Hoist Components

TRANSFORMER									
Voltage	D.C. Resistand Voltage Leads (Ohms)*								
230/480 TO 115	Secondary: Blue-tan to Blue	19.5							
	Primary: Red-black to Red-blue	87.5							
	Primary: White-red to White-green	99.0							

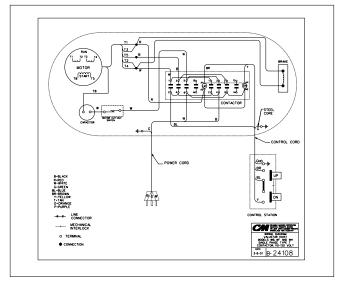
CONTACTOR									
Models Voltage	Coil (Volts)	Normal Current (Amps)	D.C. Resistance (Ohms)*						
WB, WE, WF & WH	120	.04	297.5						
WJ, WL, and WR	120	.04	297.5						

	BRAKE COIL		-
Rated	Nominal Current	D.C. Resistance	
Voltage	(Amps) at Rated Voltage	(Ohms)*	
115	0.5	6.2	
230**	0.25	24.7	

			MOTORS		
Models	Voltage Phase & Hertz	H.P.	Full Load Current (Amps)	Leads	*D.C. Resistance (Ohms)
WB, WE	115-1-60	1/4	4.6	5 TO 8 (START) T1 to T2 T3 to T4	4.9 4.3 4.3
WB, WE	230/460 3-60	1/4	1.4/.70	1 to 4 2 to 5 3 to 6 7 to 8 7 to 9 8 to 9	14.8 14.8 14.8 29.5 29.5 29.5
WF, WH	115-1-60	1/2	7.2	5 to 8 (START) T1 to T2 T3 to T4	3.7 3.8 3.8
WF, WH	230/460 3-60	1/2	1.8/.90	1 to 4 2 to 5 3 to 6 7 to 8 7 to 9 8 to 9	7.8 7.8 7.8 15.6 15.6 15.6
WL, WR	115-1-60	1	9.8	5 to 8 (START) T1 to T2 T3 to T4	1.3 1.1 1.1
WJ, WL, WR	230/460 3-60	1	3/1.5	1 to 4 2 to 5 3 to 6 7 to 8 7 to 9 8 to 9	4.7 4.7 4.7 9.4 9.4 9.4

*Resistance values listed are nominal and they may vary slightly from component to component.

^{**}On dual-voltage units connected for 460 volts, brake coils operate on 230 volts.



WOTOR

WISTART D

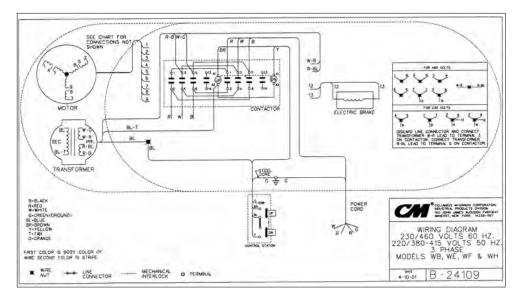
LECKT SHAT

COMMING STATE

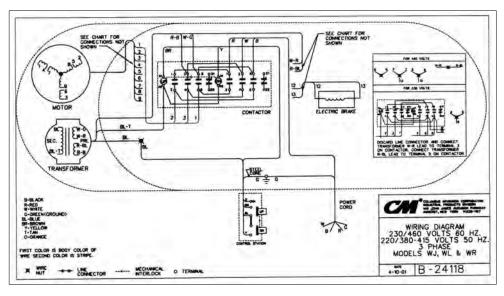
COMMIN

SINGLE PHASE-TYPE 'T' CONTACTOR 110-120 VOLT

SINGLE PHASE-TYPE 'T' CONTACTOR 110-120 VOLT



THREE PHASE 230/460-3-60 220/380-415-3-50 MODELS WB, WE, WF & WH



THREE PHASE 230/460-3-60 220/380-415-3-50 MODELS WJ, WL & WR

Figure 11. Typical Wiring Diagrams. Wiring Diagrams shown are representative. Consult diagram in Hoist or furnished with unit.

ASSEMBLY

HOOK OR LUG SUSPENSION Models WE, WH, and WR

Assemble the dead end bolt and block through the suspension adapter, as shown in Figure 12.

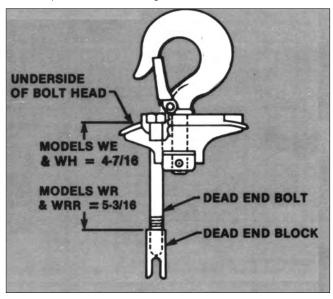


Figure 12. Hook Suspension

CENTRIFUGAL MECHANISM

Centrifugal mechanism (624-212) is furnished in kit form which contains the centrifugal mechanism, spacers and an Instruction Sheet. The Instruction Sheet provides complete details on the installation of replacement mechanism.

To install the replacement mechanism, a press-on tool as shown in Figure 13 will be required. The press-on tool is not included in the kit, however, it may be ordered from CM – order centrifugal mechanism press-on tool part number 28598.

When installing the replacement centrifugal mechanism, the spacer is placed between the rotor shaft shoulder and the centrifugal mechanism as shown in Figure 13. Using a slow-acting press, apply pressure to the press-on tool and press the mechanism onto the shaft until it sets against the spacer. To prevent damaging the mechanism and/or spacer, the force applied to the press-on tool press the mechanism onto the shaft should not exceed 3000 pounds.

FASTENERS

Models WE, WB, WF and WH, tighten motor housing cover screws (624-106) to where they have a minimum breakaway torque of 48 pound inch.

Models WJ, WL and WR tighten motor thru bolts (624-140) to where they have a minimum breakaway torque of 50 pound inch.

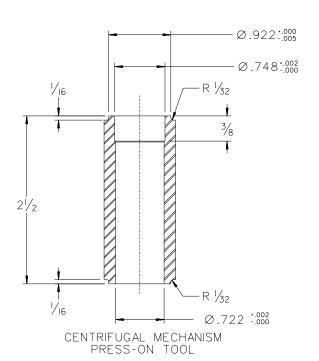
The liftwheel gear nut (624-139) should be tightened to a seating torque of 85 pound feet.

LOWER HOOK BLOCK PIN

PRESS-ON TOOL

When removing or installing the lower hook chain block pin (624-764), care must be taken so as to prevent damaging the pin and/or hook block. These pins are tapered groove pins and, as a result, they can only be removed in one direction. To remove the pin, a V-Block, drift and hammer (or slow acting press) are required. The drift should be the same diameter as the pin (5/16" diameter for Models WB, WE, and WF and 3/8" diameter for Models WJ and WL) and it should be placed on

COUNTERBORED END



OF PRESS-ON TOOL.

CENTRIFUGAL
MECHANISM

SPACER

ROTOR
SHAFT
SHOULDER

Models WB, WE, WF and WH

Figure 13. Centrifugal Mechanism Assembly

the small end of the pin. The small end of the pin is the end opposite the end on which the three grooves are visible. Place the hook block in the V-Block and drive the pin out using the drift and a hammer or slow acting press.



WARNING

Use of improper lower hook chain block pin as well as improper installation of this pin can cause the pin to break and allow the load to fall.

TO AVOID INJURY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE:

Use only CM supplied, special high strength lower hook chain block pin to attach the chain to the lower hook block and install the pin as directed above.

To re-install the pin, the parts must be arranged the same as they were when the pin was removed. To do this, use the small end of the pin as a gage. First check the holes in the hook block body and determine which hole is the largest. Place the hook block body in the V-Block with the larger hole on top. Next, check each end of the hole in the lower hook chain block (624-775) and determine which end is the largest. Place the chain in the slot of the chain and insert the chain block, with the large hole on top, into the hook block body. Align the holes in the hook block body with the hole in the chain block and insert the small end of the pin in the hole. Push the pin in by hand until it stops and then use a hammer or slow acting press to drive the pin into position so that the end of the pin is flush with the outside surface of the hook block body.

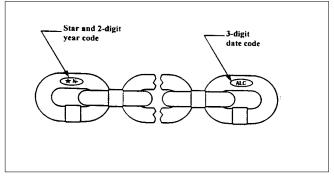
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF LOAD CHAIN



Improper installation (reeving) of the load chain can result in a dropped load.

TO AVOID INJURY/DAMAGE:

Verify use of proper size and type of hoist load chain for specific hoist.



Use only CM Star (p) Grade Load Chain and CM replacement parts. Use of other chain and parts may be dangerous and voids factory warranty.



WARNING

Use of commercial or other manufacturers' chain and parts to repair CM Hoists may cause load loss.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Use only CM supplied replacement load chain and parts. Chain and parts may look alike, but CM chain and parts are made of specific material or processed to achieve specific properties.

- 1. Disconnect hoist from power supply.
- 2. Detach loose end chain from hoist frame. Remove loose end block and stop block from the old load chain.
- 3. Using the following procedures (cutting chains) cut a portion out of the second to last link (flat link) on the loose side of the old chain to form a coupling link. The portion removed should be centered on the weld and be 3/8" long. Remove any burrs from the cut edges of the coupling link. Discard the last link.
- 4. Connect the new chain to the old chain using the coupling link. The coupling link should be a flat link and the first link of the new chain should be an upstanding link. Be sure the welds on the upstanding links are away from the liftwheel.
- 5. Re-energize power supply and operate hoist in the down direction until approximately two and one-half (2-1/2') feet of the new chain is hanging free on the loose end side. Make sure that the last link of the new chain is an upstanding link. Slide the stop block onto the new chain and attach the loose end block to the chain using the load chain pin. Next, attach the loose-end chain to the hoist frame using the loose-end screw washer and plain washer.

Note: If hoist is equipped with a chain container, do not attach the loose end chain to the hoist frame.

 On single reeved units, remove the lower hook block from the old chain and remove the coupling link. Reassemble the hook block to the last link of the new chain. (See above-lower hook block pin.)

On double reeved units, pull the new chain through the hook block using the old chain and coupling link. Be sure there are no twists in the chain and the first link of the new chain is a flat link.

NOTE: Upstanding links in the hook block will have weld towards the sheave.

Remove the coupling link and remove the old chain from the dead end block at the hoist. Run the new chain up to the dead end block making sure there is no twist in the chain between the hook block and dead end block. Attach the last link (flat link) of the new chain to the dead end block.

If the hoist is completely disassembled when the new chin is to be installed, the new chain should be placed over the lift-wheel (with weld on upstanding links away from liftwheel). Leave 2-1/2' of chain hanging free on the loose end side. Refer to steps 5 and 6 above to complete the installation.

Note: On the double chain units, it will be necessary to use a length of soft wire to pull the new chain through the hook block in lieu of using the coupling link and old chain as indicated.

If the starter chain method is not used, the chain can be installed by partially disassembling the hoist. Remove the loose-end chain, loose-end block and stop block from the chain. Then, energize the hoist to carefully run the old chain out of the hoist. Disconnect the hoist from the power supply and remove the electric brake assembly. Rotate the brake hub by hand, at the same time feeding the new chain into and through liftwheel area with the hoist upside down or using a soft wire to pull the chain up onto the liftwheel. Be sure that the weld on the upstanding link is away from the liftwheel. Refer to steps 5 and 6 above to complete the installation.

NOTE: On the double reeved units, it will be necessary to use a length of soft wire to pull the new chain through the hook block in lieu of using the coupling link and old chain as indicated.

CUTTING CHAINS

CM Hoistaloy® load chain is hardened and it is difficult to cut. The following methods are recommended when cutting a length of new chain from stock or cutting off worn chain.

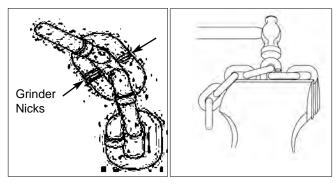


Figure 14. Cutting Chain by nicking

- Use a grinder and nick the link on both sides (Figure 14), then secure the link in a vise and break off with a hammer.
- Use a 7" minimum diameter by 1/8" thick abrasive wheel (or type recommended by wheel supplier) that will clear adjacent links.

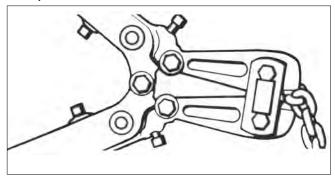


Figure 15. Cutting Chain with a bolt cutter

3. Use a bolt cutter (Figure 15) similar to the H.K. Porter No. 0590MTC with special cutter jaws for cutting hardened chain (1" long cutting edge).



Cutting chain can produce flying particles.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Wear eye protection. Provide a shield over chain to prevent flying particles.

TESTING

Before using, all altered, repaired or used hoists that have not been operated for the previous 12 months shall be tested by the user for proper operation.

- 1. Test the unit without a load.
- 2. Test the unit with a light load of 50 pounds times the number of load supporting parts of load chain. Check to see that the hoist operates properly and that the brake holds the load when the control is released.
- Test with a load of 125%* of rated capacity. Hoists in which load sustaining parts have been replaced should be tested with 125%* of rated capacity by or under the direction of an appointed person and a written report prepared for record purposes.
- 4. After test 3, check that the Protector functions. If the

Protector™ permits lifting a load in excess of 200% of rated load, it should be replaced.

*If the protector prevents lifting a load of 125% of rated capacity, reduce load to rated capacity.

NOTE: For additional information on inspection and testing, refer to Code B30.16 "Overhead Hoists" obtainable from ASME Order Department, 22 Law Drive, Box 2300, Fairfield, NJ 07007-2300, U.S.A.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The following information must accompany all correspondence or orders for replacement parts:

- 1. Hoist Model Number from identification label.
- 2. Serial number of the hoist stamped below identification plate.
- 3. Voltage, Phase, Hertz from identification label.
- 4. Length of lift.
- 5. Key number of part from parts list.
- 6. Number of parts required.
- 7. Part name from parts list.
- 8. Part number from the parts lists.

If trolley replacement parts are ordered, also include the type and capacity of the trolley.

NOTE: When ordering replacement parts, it is recommended that consideration be given to the need for also ordering such items as gaskets, fasteners, insulators, etc. These items may be damaged or lost during disassembly or just unfit for future use because of deterioration from age or service.



Using "commercial" or other manufacturer's parts to repair the CM Valustar Hoist may cause load loss.

TO AVOID INJURY:

Use only CM supplied replacement parts. Parts may look alike, but CM parts are made of specific materials or processed to achieve specific properties.

PARTS LIST

KEY		NUMBER F	REQUIRED			PAR [*]	ERS			
NO.	PART NAME	Models WB, WE, WF, WH		Model WB	Model WE	Model WF	Model WH	Model WJ	Model WL	Model WR
624-100	Motor Housing	1	1		270				24008	
	Gear Housing	1	1		286 (Includes Ite			(Includes Item	35620 s 624-102, 624	-120, 624-129)
624-102	Intermediate Gear and Pinion Bearing - Inboard (Includes Shaft Adapter for WJ, WL, WR)	1	1		884	140			83670 (Be 350 (Shaft	
624-103	Chain Guide	2	2		270	800			35018	
624-104	* *	1	1		273				35421	
	Suspension Adapter Nut	2	2		927	755			935791	
024-100	Motor Housing Cover Screw and Lockwasher	2	2		C3				C303	
	Liftwheel Gear Retainer Ring	1			277	767				
024-108	Motor Shaft Bearing, Inboard Retainer Ring	2	2		277				35764	
	Gear Housing Attaching Screw and Lockwasher	4	4		Order 288 and 940802				r 982682 S 10830 Lock	
	Loose End Screw, Washer and Lockwasher	1	1		C3	04			C305	
	Motor Shaft Bearing - Outboard	1			820	009				
	Motor Shaft Bearing - Inboard	1	1		820				82004	
	Stator Pin	1			983	541				
624-114	Control Cable Screw, Washer and Lockwasher	1	1		C3			C306		
	Back Frame Assembly (Includes Brake Studs)	1	1	(Includes 62	246 24-116 thru 62		7, 624-128)	24622		
	Drive Shaft and Pinion Bearing	1	1		820	009		83691		
624-117	Intermediate Gear and Pinion Bearing - Outboard	1	1		820	009		88437		
024-118	Bearing Retainer Screw and Washers	1	2		C3			C308		
024-119	Back Frame Attaching Screw and Lockwasher	3	4		Order 982 and 940802		-	Order 982682 Screw and 940830 Lockwasher		
	Liftwheel Bearing - Gear End	1	1		884				82002	
	Motor Housing Cover	1	1		245				24759	
	Back Frame Cover	1	1		247	757			24758	
	Back Frame Cover Attaching Screw and Lockwasher	2	2		C3	09			C310	
624-125	Hoist I.D. Label 115-1-60, 230/460	1	1		Contact	Factory		C	ontact Fact	ory
624-126	Capacity/Warning Label	1	1	24764	24765	24765	24766	24765	24766	24768
	Hole Plug Set	4	1		982				C311	
	Back Frame Expansion Plug	1			940	837				
	Gear Housing Plug		1			-			935767	
624-130	Drive Shaft and Pinion Assembly (Includes Items 624-131 thru 624-133 for Models WB, WE, WF, WH, WJ, WL and WR. Also Includes Item 624-116 with Models WJ, WL, WR	1	1		Order 624-116, 624-131, 624-132 and 624-133			24639	24638	24638
624-131	Drive Shaft and Pinion Assembly	1	1	(8T. Pinion, 5	641 -15/64" Long)	,	43/64" Long)	35357 (18T.)	35356 (12T.)	35356 (12T.)
624-132	Brake Hub	1	1	27851 27852 (8T. 21/32" Long) (8T. 1-1/8" Long)				24019 (13T.)	24019 (13T.)	
624-133	Brake Hub Retainer Ring	1	1	27766					35766	
624-134	Liftwheel Gear	1	1		27009	(53T.)			35009 (79T	.)
624-135	Intermediate Pinion	1	1		24351	(8T.)			35351 (10T	.)
624-136	Intermediate Gear Retainer Ring	1	1		277	765			35763	
624-137	Protector	1	1	28	694	286	695	36668	36670	36670
624-138	Liftwheel Bearing - Motor End	1	1		884	129			83669	
624-139	Liftwheel Gear Nut and Lockwasher		1			-			C312	

PARTS LIST, continued

.,		PART NUMBERS									
Key	Part Name	Models WB, Models WJ,		Model	Model	Model	Model	Model	Model	Model	
No.		WE, WF, WH	WLWR	WB	WE	WF	WH	WJ	WL	WR	
624-140	Motor Attaching Screw and Lockwasher		4		-		For all Units, order (4) 87377 Motor Thru Bolts and (4) 982226 Lockwashers				
624-142	Loose End Nut	1	1		82	2638			82639		
624-143	Contactor/Capacitor Bracket with Attaching Screws		1	Order		24200 and (1 2688) Screw		acket 3570 crews 9836		
624-145	Capacitor Clamp with Attaching Screws and LockWasher		1					982210) 35268 Cla Washer, (1) and (1) 98		
624-146	Loose End Link	1	1		35	367			35367		
624-147	Contact Block		1							36764	
624-149	Brake Disc Retainer Ring		1						24801		
624-151	Lower Hook with Latch (Includes Item 624-152)	1	1	28686	28687	28686	28687	35611	35611	35612	
624-152	Latch Kit	1	1	45661	45662	45661	45662	45662	45662	45663	
624-156	Load Chain (Specify Length)	1	1	85	889 (Specify	/ Length Requir	red)	85979 (S	pecify Length	Required)	
624-157	Lower Hook Assembly-Complete (Items 624-151 and 624-158)	1	1		28665		28665			35645	
624-158	Lower Hook Collar (or Nut) Pin and Thrust Bearing	1	1		C325		C325			C326	
624-159	Lower Sheave	1	1		27017		27017			35010	
624-160	Lower Sheave Bearing	2	2		88429		88429			83674	
624-161	Hook Block (*Must order in pairs with 624-162)	2	2		27048		27048			35034	
624-162	Chain Stop Block	2	<u> </u>		2346	55903C			23465603C		
1	Chain Stop Screw	2					982517	1			
1	Chain Stop Lockwasher	2					10095701				
1	Chain Stop Nut	2					982514				
1	Stop Block	1	1		24	1785			24786		
	Alignment Pin	4	2			2354			82354		
-	Suspension Adapter	1	1	27703	27013	27703	27013	35740	35740	35741	
l	Upper Hook with Latch (Includes Item 624-152)	1	1	28689	28697	28689	28697	35617	35617	35616	
624-172	Upper Hook Collar (or Nut) and Pin	1	1	C329	C330	C329	C330	C331	C331	C332	
	Suspension Adapter Screw	2	2	0020		7554		36849			
	Rigid Hook Suspension-Complete	1	1	2788	2789	2788	2789	3651	3651	3658	
l	Dead End Bolt	1	1		89508		89508			35957	
1	Dead End Block, Pin, Washer and Cotter Pin	1	1		C334		C334			C335	
624-177	Suspension Lug	1	1	27450	27452	27450	27452	35456	35456	35457	
1	Lug Suspension - Complete			2778	2779	2778	2779	3677	3677	3668	
1	Suspension Adapter Anchor		2			 			35066		
	Back Frame Dowel		2						35768		
1	Brake Plate	1	1		24	1741			24740		
l	Brake Friction Plate	2	2			1603			24602		
	Brake Field	1	1			1606			24608		
	Brake Armature	1	1	24606 24608 24609							
	Brake Spring	2	2	24731 24732							
1	Brake Nut	2	2			2442			982443		
	Brake Coil Retainer Strap	1	1			1738		-	24738		
	Brake Disc	1 (Models 2 (Models WF, W	WB, WE)			7817			24735		
624-198	Brake Friction Plate-Double	1	1		24	1600		24601			
024-190	(Not Required for Models WB, WE)										

PARTS LIST, continued

Key	Part Name	NUMBER R	PART NUMBERS										
No.		Models WB, WE, WF, WH	Models WJ, WL, WR	Model WB	Model WE	Model WF	Model WH	Model WJ	Model WL	Model WR			
624-200	Gear Housing Gasket	1	1		277	47			35707				
624-210	Rotor Assembly (Items 624-108 and 624-112 included) (For 115-1-60 Units, Item 624-212 Included)	1	1	Se	e Parts Lis	ts on Page	22	See Parts List on Page 22					
624-211	Stator (Also order 624-113 for Models WB, WE, WF, WH)	1	1	Se	e Parts Lis	t on Page 2	22	See Pa	rts List on	Page 22			
624-212	Centrifugal Mechanism and Spacer	1			C3	49							
	Capacitor 115-1-60	1	1		277	716		3527	'8 Run Cap 9 Start Cap	oacitor			
624-214	Capacitor Mounting Clamp and Screw	1	1		C3	36		See I	Key No. 62	4-145			
624-215	Cut-out Switch with Attaching Screws 115-1-60	1		Order (1) Cut-Out S Screws	Switch 2467 987523	75 & (2)						
624-216	Contactor with Attaching Screw	1	1	Order (1) Contactor 28553, (2) Screws 957854 and (2) Lockwashers 957855			Order (1) Contactor 28553, (2) Screws 957854 and (2) Lockwashers 957855 For 230 (1) C			For 115-1-60 Units, Order (1 Contactor 35182, (2) Screws 957854 and (2) Lockwasher 957855. For 230/460-3-60 Units, Orde (1) Contactor 24729, (2) Screws 957854 and (2) Lockwashers 957855			
624-218	Transformer with Attaching Screws	1	1	C3	43 (230/46	0 Units On	ly)		Transforn screws 9				
624-219	Wire Nuts (Specify Number Required)			98247	3 (Small) o	r 982477 (Large)		mall) or 982				
624-220	Jumper Set	1	1	For 115-1 2411	I-60 Units, 0	Order (1 Each 1 24113 Jum , Order (1 Ea	For 115-1-60 Units, Order (1) 51847, (1)51858, (1)51861 and Jumpers (3)27599 (1)24300, (1)24301, (1)24302						
624-221	Power Cord 115-1-60 230/460-3-60	1	1		24 ⁻ 24 ⁻			24119 24120					
624-230	Control Station and Cable 10 ft. Lift Units 15 ft. Lift Units 20 ft. Lift Units All Other Lifts	1	1		24 ⁻ 24 ⁻ 24 ⁻ Conta	101 102	24100 24101 24102 Contact CM						
624-231	Control Cable 10 ft. Lift Units 15 ft. Lift Units 20 ft. Lift Units All Other Lifts	1	1		24 ⁻ 24 ⁻ 24 ⁻ Conta	122	24121 24122 24123 Contact CM						
	Control Station	1	1	S	-	16, Page 22	2	See Fi	igure 16, P	age 22			
1	Warning Tag	1	1			704			81704				
1	Product Label	1	1		247				24707				
1	Rotor Wave Washer	1				292							
	Rotor Bearing Spacer	1			272								
	Warning Label (Electrical) Lower Hook and Block Assembly	2	2	28683	248	342		35651	24842				
	Lower Hook Body	1	1			28683 45401B		35370	35651 35370				
	Lower Hook Body Lower Hook Chain Block Pin	1	1	45401B 45943		454018		35790	35370				
	Lower Hook with Latch	1	1	28686		28686		35611	35611				
	Lower Hook Thrust Bearing	1	1	88485		88485		88485	88485				
	Lower Hook Nut Pin	1	1	983772		983772		983772	983772				
	Lower Hook Chain Block	1	1	28007		28007		35026	35026				
	Lower Hook Nut	1	1	982526		982526		982526	982526				
	Lower Hook Block Washer	1	1	945921		945921		945921	945921				
	Solid State Reverse Switch		1	- / - / - /			I	1.0021	35271				
	Reverse Switch Clamp, Washer, Screw and Lockwasher		1					982210) 35267 C Washer, (1 sher and (1 Screw) 983544			

PARTS LIST

	MODELS AND VOLTAGES											
Key No.	Part Name	No. Req'd	WB,	WB, WE WF, WH		WJ		WL		WR		
			115-1-60	230/460	115-1-60	230/460	115-1-60	230/460	115-1-60	230/460	115-1-60	230/460
624-199	Brake Coil	1	51001	51003	51001	51003		51002	51001	51002	51001	51002
624-210	Rotor Assembly includes items 624-108 and 624-112 115-1-60 includes 624-212	1	24228	286004	24226	286000						
	Stator (also order 624-113 for models WB, WE, WF, WH	1	24222	24221	24223	24220		24225	367001	24225	367001	24225

PACKAGED LUBRICANTS

Used in the Valustar Electric Chain Hoists

(Refer to page 12 for Lubrication Instructions)

Usage	Туре	Quantity	Part No. 28605		
Hoist Gears	Grease (Special)	1/2# Can			
		1# Can	28616		
		4# Can	28617		
Spline on end of Drive Shafts	Oil-Graphite Mixture	1 Pint Can	40628		
Load Chain	Oil	1 Pint Can	28608		
		1 Gal. Can	28619		
Lower Hook Thrust Bearing	Grease: Heavy Cup Grease - obtain locally*				

^{*}These oils are not furnished by CM in packaged quantities.

When ordering lubricants, specify the type of lubricant, part number and packaged quantity required.

CONTROL STATION							
Key No.	Part Name	No. Req'd	Part No.				
624-232	Control Station (Includes 624-301 thru 624-822)	1	36900B				
624-252	Warning Label (Electrical)	1	24842				
624-253	Manufacturer Label	1	28470				
624-301	Control Station Grommet	1	36989				
624-302	Control Station Housing	1	36998B				
624-303	Gasket	1	36486				
624-304	Control Station Button Assembly	1	36988				
624-306	Control Station Parts Kit	1	36939				
624-307	Contact Assembly (Includes 624-304)	1	36987				
624-822	Warning Label	1	24845				

THICH-IIP PAINTS

Valustar Electric Chain Hoists and Series 635 Low Headroom Trolleys									
Name	Color	Quantity*	Size	Part No.					
Hoist Trolley	Orange Black	1 case 1 case	12-12 oz. Aerosol Cans 12-12 oz. Aerosol Cans	84190 84189					

^{*}Touch-up paints are only available in case quantities.

NOTE: When painting Hoists or Trolleys, also order warning labels, identification labels, etc. that may be coated during painting.

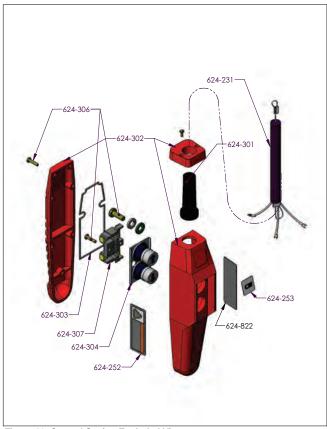
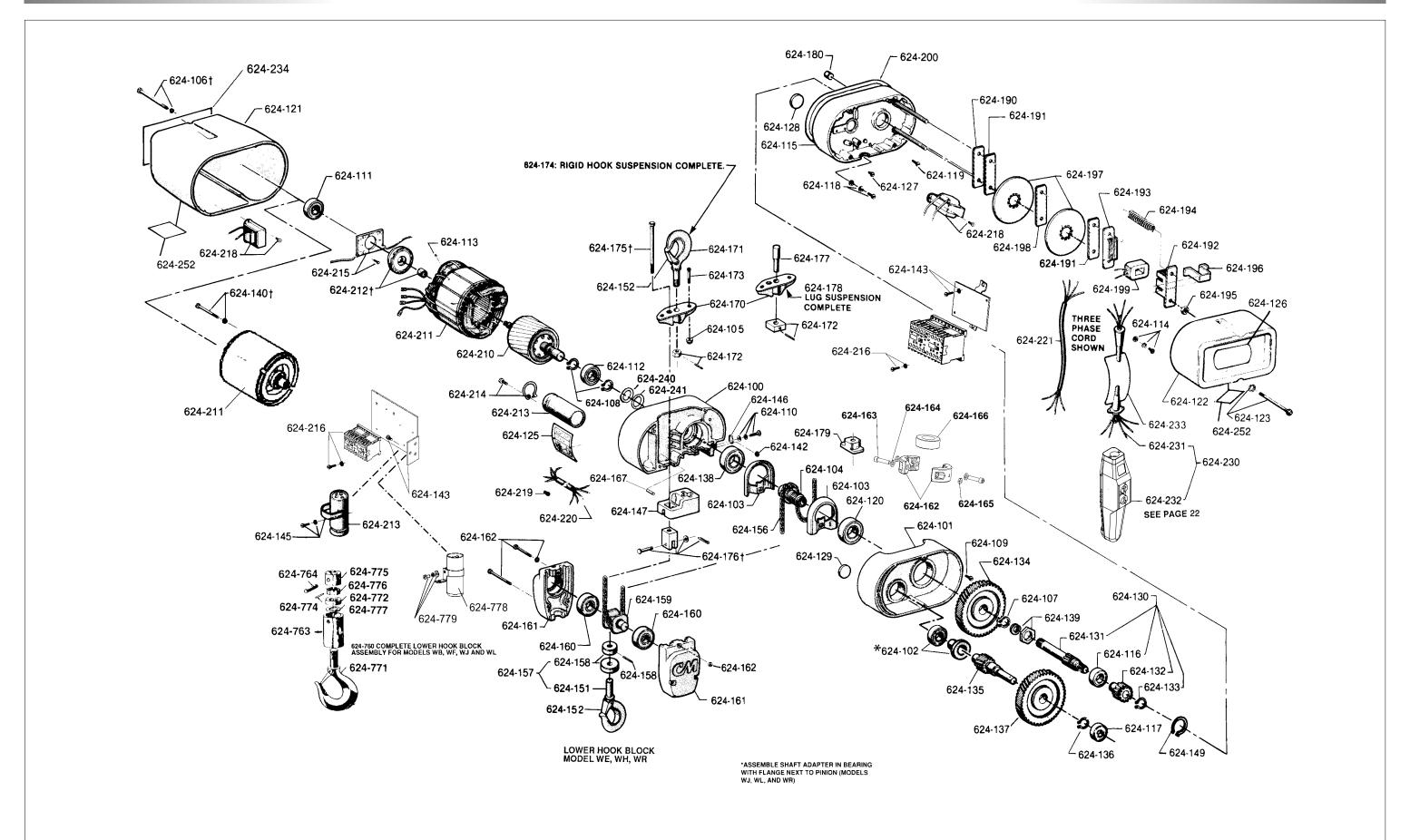


Figure 16. Control Station Exploded View



SERIES 635 LOW HEADROOM TROLLEY PARTS LIST

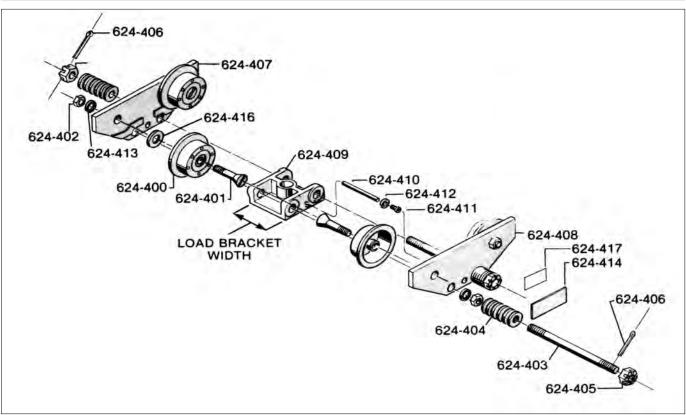


Figure 18. Series 635 Low Headroom Trolley Exploded View

Key No.	Part Name		Req'd. 2-Ton	Part 1-Ton	No. 2-Ton
624-400	Trackwheel	4	4	35774	50762
624-401	Trackwheel Stud	4	4	987790	35838
624-402	Trackwheel Stud Nut	4	4	982520	948804
624-403	Suspension Bolt (Special Alloy Steel Bolt)				
	9-5/32" long*	2	-	35450	_
	10-1/4" long**	2	-	35407	_
	10" long [†]	_	2	_	35445
	12-1/16" long ^{tt}	_	2	_	35414
624-404	Trolley Spacer Washers				
	0.165" thick*	40	-	35782	_
	0.125" thick**	38	-	958822	_
	0.165" thick [†]	_	32	_	35783
	0.125" thick ^{tt}	_	38	_	988039
624-405	Suspension Bolt Nut	4	4	948803	958818
624-406	Suspension Bolt Nut Cotter Pin	4	4	988343	988368
624-407	Side Frame, Plain Side				
	Without Trolley Guards***	2	2	35640	35654
	Trolley Guards***	2	2	35635	35636
624-408	Side Frame, ID Plate Side				
	Without Trolley Guards***	2	2	35640	35654
	Trolley Guards***	2	2	35635	35636

Key No.	Part Name		Req'd. 2-Ton	Part 1-Ton	No. 2-Ton
624-409	Load Bracket				
	3-7/16" wide*	1	1	35019	-
	5-13/32" wide**	1	1	35024	-
	4-3/16" wide [†]	1	1	_	35033
	6-11/16" wide ^{††}	1	1	_	35043
624-410	Vertical Load Bar Pin (Special Alloy Steel Pin)				
	2-11/16" long*	1	1	35371	-
	2-7/8" long**	1	1	_	35413
	3-3/4" long [†]	1	1	_	35400
624-411	Vertical Load Bar Pin Screw				
	1/2" long*	1	1	982383	-
	1-1/4" long**	1	1	982386	-
	3/4" long [†]	1	1	_	982433
	1-1/2" long ^{††}	1	1	_	987209
624-412	Vertical Load Bar Pin Screw L.W.	1	1	983548	983547
624-413	Trackwheel Stud Nut L.W.	4	4	987923	987924
624-414	Identification Label	1	1	36916	36917
624-416	Trackwheel Washer	_	1	_	987903
624-417	Warning Label	1	1	936984	936984

^{*} These items are for the 1-Ton Trolley for operation on 2.66" thru 5.64" flange widths.

^{**} These items are for the 1-Ton Trolley for operation on over 5.64" thru 7.00" flange widths.

^{***} If side frame is equipped with spacer block, contact factory.

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ These items are for the 2-Ton Trolley for operation on 3.33" thru 6.00" flange widths.

¹¹ These items are for the 2-Ton Trolley for operation on over 6.00" thru 8.25" flange widths.





Note: When ordering parts, always furnish hoist model and serial number, motor horsepower, voltage, phase, frequency and rated capacity of hoist on which the parts are to be used. For the location of the nearest CM Master Parts Depot, see the list located on the inside front cover.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTIES, REMEDIES AND DAMAGES

THE WARRANTY STATED BELOW IS GIVEN IN PLACE OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR OTHERWISE, NO PROMISE OR AFFIRMATION OF FACT MADE BY ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE OF SELLER SHALL CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY BY SELLER OR GIVE RISE TO ANY LIABILITY OR OBLIGATION.

Seller warrants that on the date of delivery to carrier the goods are free from defects in workmanship and materials.

SELLER'S SOLE OBLIGATION IN THE EVENT OF BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONTRACT OR FOR NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE WITH RESPECT TO GOODS SOLD SHALL BE EXCLUSIVELY LIMITED TO REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT, F.O.B. SELLER'S POINT OF SHIPMENT, OF ANY PARTS WHICH SELLER DETERMINES TO HAVE BEEN DEFECTIVE or if Seller determines that such repair or replacement is not feasible, to a refund of the purchase price upon return of the goods to Seller.

Any action against Seller for breach of warranty, negligence or otherwise, must be commenced within one year after such cause of action occurs.

NO CLAIM AGAINST SELLER FOR ANY DEFECT IN THE GOODS SHALL BE VALID OR ENFORCEABLE UNLESS BUYER'S WRITTEN NOTICE THEREOF IS RECEIVED BY SELLER WITHIN ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF SHIPMENT.

Seller shall not be liable for any damage, injury or loss arising out of

the use of the goods if, prior to such damage, injury or loss, such goods are (1) damaged or misused following Seller's delivery to carrier; (2) not maintained, inspected, or used in compliance with applicable law and Seller's written instructions and recommendations; or (3) installed, repaired, altered or modified without compliance with such law, instructions or recommendations.

UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL SELLER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES AS THOSE TERMS ARE DEFINED IN SECTION 2-715 OF THE UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE.

INDEMNIFICATION AND SAFE OPERATION

Buyer shall comply with and require its employees to comply with directions set forth in instructions and manuals furnished by Seller and shall use and require its employees to follow such instructions and manuals and to use reasonable care in the use and maintenance of the goods. Buyer shall not remove or permit anyone to remove any warning or instruction signs on the goods. In the event of personal injury or damage to property or business arising from the use of the goods, Buyer shall within 48 hours thereafter give Seller written notice of such injury or damage. Buyer shall cooperate with Seller in investigating any such injury or damage and in the defense of any claims arising therefrom.

If Buyer fails to comply with this section or if any injury or damage is caused, in whole or in part, by Buyer's failure to comply with applicable federal or state safety requirements, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Seller harmless against any claims, loss or expense for injury or damage arising from the use of the goods.



Alterations or modifications of equipment and use of nonfactory repair parts can lead to dangerous operation and injury.

TO AVOID INJURY:

- Do not alter or modify equipment.
- · Do use only CM replacement parts.



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